



LONGCHANG · REPORT FORMAT

Inside a Longchang Report

A public guide to the structure, reasoning boundaries, practical response, and written follow-up of a private consultation report.

FORMAT GUIDE · 2026

This document demonstrates layout and method only.

No chart was calculated. No home was assessed. No date was selected.



FORMAT NOTE

A report you can examine

A Longchang report is designed to make the reasoning visible: what was asked, what information was used, what the interpretation depends on, and what to do next.

The six-part sequence

01	Your question & context	Locks the scope and records uncertainty.
02	The basis	Names the method, evidence, and assumptions.
03	The main judgment	States the decision-relevant conclusion plainly.
04	Supporting conditions	Shows what could change the conclusion.
05	Actions	Turns interpretation into practical next steps.
06	Follow-up	Keeps clarification useful and bounded.

What this is: a faithful demonstration of report organisation, explanatory depth, and follow-up boundaries.
What it is not: a complete professional report, a delivered client case, or evidence that any metaphysical judgment has been performed or validated.



01

Your question & context

The report begins with the question in the client's own terms. It records the agreed scope, the materials supplied, and any uncertainty that limits the reading.

FICTIONAL FORMAT EXAMPLE

Agreed question

Hypothetical prompt: “How should I evaluate a possible move for work?”

- Scope: one decision, one person, one defined consultation method.
- Known facts: current options, deadlines, practical constraints, and the client’s stated priorities.
- Input check: birth-time confidence for BaZi, or plan/orientation/photo quality for Feng Shui, is recorded before interpretation.
- Limit: missing or uncertain inputs are marked; they are not silently guessed.

02

The basis

This section records which traditional framework is being used, which observations matter for the agreed question, and where schools may differ. A method is named before its conclusion is presented.

FICTIONAL FORMAT EXAMPLE

Basis checklist - no reading performed

- Confirm the source details and calculation convention before using a chart.
- State which factors carry weight for this question and why.
- Separate observed facts, traditional interpretation, and ordinary practical facts.
- If a school-dependent rule matters, name the convention used instead of presenting it as universal.



03

The main judgment

A full report states the decision-relevant conclusion in plain language. It does not hide behind a catalogue of symbols, and it does not claim certainty that the method or inputs cannot support.

“The main conclusion would appear here, followed immediately by the conditions that support it and the facts that could reverse it.”

FICTIONAL FORMAT EXAMPLE

How the conclusion is written

- Answer the agreed question first; explain symbols only when they help the reader assess the answer.
- Use conditional language when the source information is uncertain or a different method could change the result.
- Distinguish a traditional judgment from claims about an employer, property, health, law, or financial return.
- Attach the response to any difficult judgment: what to verify, what to avoid, and what would make the situation safer.

BOUNDARY

This guide deliberately contains no favourable or unfavourable BaZi result, Feng Shui finding, date recommendation, time window, or prediction. Those belong only in a scoped report after the required facts have been checked.



Supporting conditions

The conditions section is where the report shows its limits. It explains what the judgment depends on, what is outside the method, and what new fact would require a fresh calculation or a revised answer.

FICTIONAL FORMAT EXAMPLE

A condition-and-change table

- BaZi: if the recorded birth time is uncertain, hour-dependent claims are withheld until the time is verified; otherwise the report states that those claims cannot be made.
- Feng Shui: if the measured orientation or whole-home plan is unreliable, chart placement is provisional; moving a sketch on the page does not change the building's bearing.
- Date selection: a date is evaluated for the stated type of event, participants, place, time zone, and practical window; a date suitable for one purpose is not automatically suitable for another.
- Ordinary reality: contracts, medical care, structural safety, law, tax, and affordability require the relevant qualified professional or primary evidence.

Reader test

After this section, you should be able to say: "I know why the report leans this way, which fact matters most, and what would make the recommendation change."



Actions

Interpretation becomes useful when it helps the reader make a clearer decision. Actions are prioritised, proportionate, and sensible even if the reader holds the traditional framework lightly.

FICTIONAL FORMAT EXAMPLE

Three levels of action

- Verify first - resolve the missing fact that could change the conclusion: a birth record, a compass measurement, a floor plan, an event location, or a contractual deadline.
- Choose next - compare the real options against the report's stated conditions rather than treating a symbolic reading as a substitute for due diligence.
- Review later - name the trigger for revisiting the advice, such as a material change in the role, property, participants, event type, or available dates.

PRACTICAL STANDARD

An action should be specific enough to do, modest enough to match the evidence, and clear about who owns the decision. The report may inform a choice; it does not make the choice for the reader.



06

Follow-up

Every report closes with the same written clarification boundary, so the reader knows what is included before commissioning the work.

FICTIONAL FORMAT EXAMPLE

Included clarification

After delivery, the client has 14 calendar days to send one consolidated batch of up to three clarification questions about the agreed scope. Replies typically arrive within two working days, Monday to Friday (UTC+8).

- Clarification explains wording, reasoning, conditions, or an action already inside the report.
- A correction of Longchang's own error does not count against the question allowance.
- A new person, property, event, chart, scenario, or substantially changed question requires a new scope.

Example of an in-scope question

“Which of the two conditions in section 4 carries more weight, and what evidence should I check before acting?”



END NOTE

What this sample proves

It shows the intended structure, visual standard, reasoning boundary, and written follow-up of a Longchang PDF. It does not prove the quality of a completed personal reading.

DELIVERABLE SCOPE

Included in this public guide

- Eight A4 pages using the current Longchang paper, ink-green, and muted-gold identity.
- The six sections used on the public sample page.
- A visible chain from question and evidence to conditions, action, and follow-up.
- No personal data, client history, calculated chart, home assessment, selected date, or outcome claim.

A real report begins after scope and inputs are agreed.

The private report is prepared for the commissioned question and delivered through the agreed channel. Its conclusions, evidence, conditions, and next steps depend on the actual materials supplied and the method agreed for that service.

FORMAT
ONLY